













Montana Renewable Energy Association

Mission & Focus areas:

- Education and Outreach
- Policy and Advocacy
- Industry Engagement

www.montanarenewables.org





SolSmart

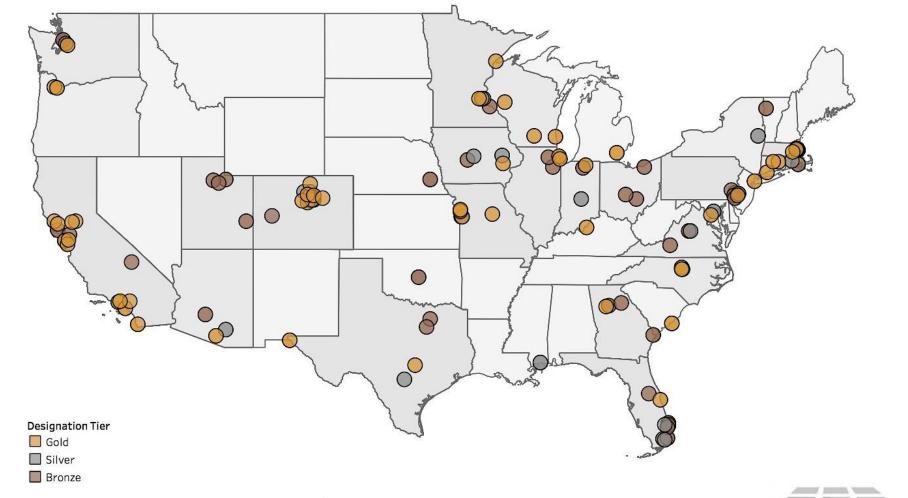
 "Solar Ready" communities – making process of going solar easier

- SOLSMART B R O N Z E
- Focuses on "soft costs" (non-hardware)
 - Permitting and inspection
 - Fees and overhead
 - Planning and Zoning
 - Utility outreach
 - Contractor education
 - Consumer education
- Whitefish, Helena, Missoula County,
 Missoula, Bozeman, Red Lodge, Great Falls







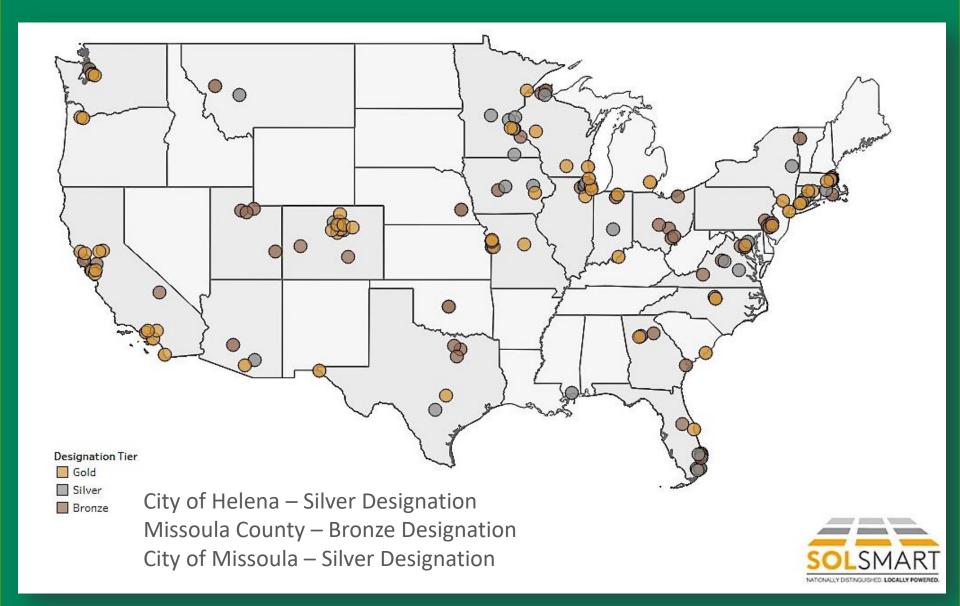


Since 2016, 100+ designees

SolSmart goal: 300+ by October 2019









Montana's Solar Landscape

- Small, rooftop systems: ~ 8.5 MW since 2000
- Shared solar by CoOps: ~ 500 kW since 2015
 - 1st in Montana: Flathead Electric's SUN Community Solar, 101 kW
- Utility scale solar: 17 MW, in 2017 alone
- Today: ~26 MW of installed solar capacity

Solar today:

< 1% of MT electricity

Rooftop solar potential: **28%** of MT electricity needs (NREL 2016)



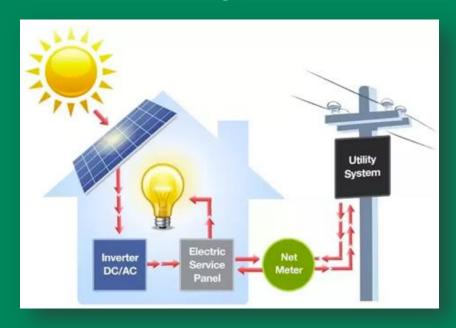
Photo Credit: Flathead Electric Co-op.



Net Metering

On-bill credit for excess energy exported to grid

- System cap
 - Flathead: 50 kW
 - Glacier: 10 kW
 - Lincoln: 25 kW
- On-bill credit: <u>retail rate</u>
 - kWh :: kWh exchange
- Aggregate net metering
- Excess credits
 - Flathead: accumulate indefinitely
 - Glacier: true-up on December 31
 - Lincoln: true-up on March 31





Shared solar?

- Buy "share" of a larger array
- Just as if array were on your home
- Co-ops leading the way





Solar Tariffs

 January 2018: President sets 30% tariff on imports (~\$0.10/W) following USITC petition and ruling

- Impacts:
 - artificial price increase sets industry back
 - curtails business expansion
 - utility scale hit hardest

Yet another political speed bump for solar:

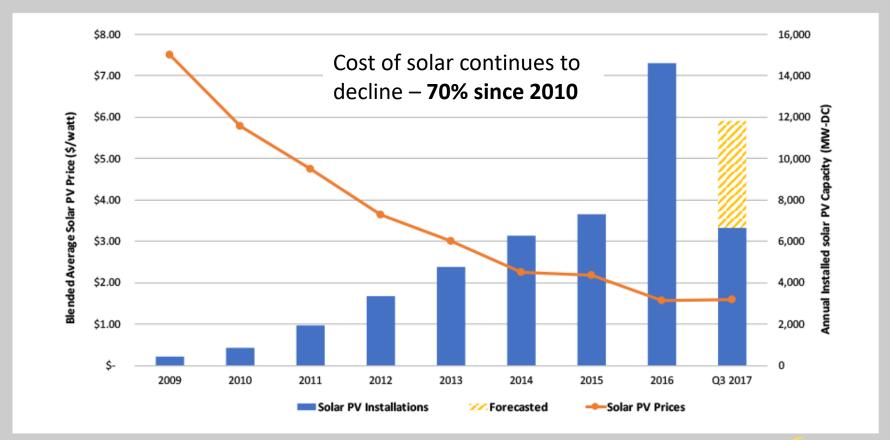
ITC sunset, State NEM Policies, attacks on state incentives, etc.

BUT: This is not the end of the solar industry!





Solar Tariffs











Why Go Solar?

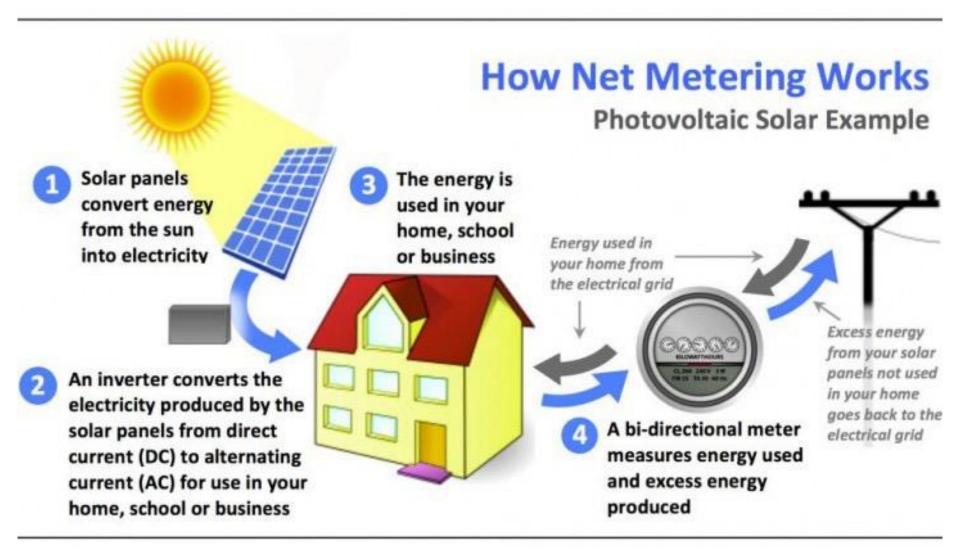








Solar Energy & Net Metering



Solar Panels

- Typical size: 65 inches (5' 5") by 39 inches (3' 3")
- E.g., 10-panel system: ~ 11' high by 16' wide



- Typical panel: 265 watts (also 210, 280, 320 W)
- 10 panels X 265 watts = 2,650 watts or **2.65 kW** system

Installations











The Ecstasy of Information

8 kWh net! 18.7 produced today!



Energy Production Last Update 4/2/15, 3:57 PM Today 389.9 Wh This Month 389.9 Wh Lifetime 32.3 KWh **Mostly Cloudy** Day Week Year Total 4/2/15 Wh 289.5 193.0 96.5 22:00 02:00 07:00 12:00 17:00

Sorry, you must be sick of me nerding out over this, but I can see what each individual panel is producing...



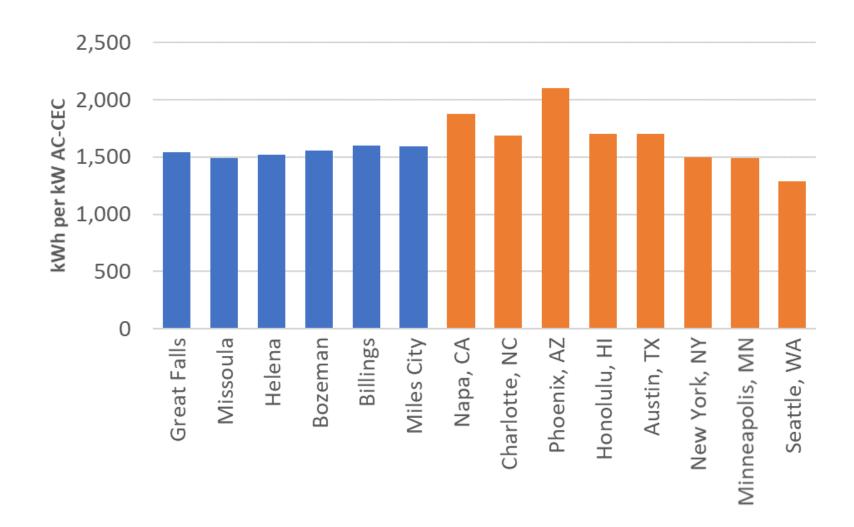
Heane Graph Heane History

MISSOULA, MT 59802-2615

Bill Date	Usage	Unit of Measure
05/18/2015	0	kWh
04/16/2015	404	kWh
03/17/2015	542	kWh
02/16/2015	615	kWh
01/19/2015	846	kWh

Ten-year average solar production in selected U.S. cities



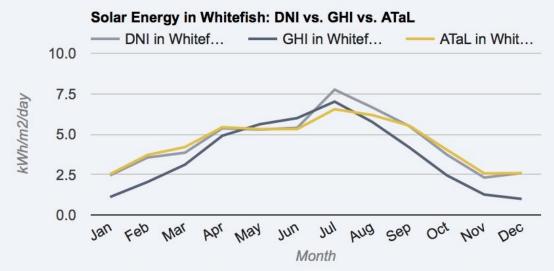


Solar Potential in Whitefish



Solar Energy Data in Whitefish, MT

See the chart below to see how different types of solar panel installations compare in Whitefish.



- * Amounts listed in kWh/m2/day (kilowatt hours per square meter per day).
- * See glossary & definitions below.

Can solar power work in Kalispell?

Yes. Flathead Electric
Cooperative members are adding solar power each year. Even as far north as we are, our area receives similar solar exposure to Germany, the world's leader in solar energy. We have had a small residential size solar array at our headquarters since 2009 demonstrating that solar works in our service territory.

- from solarenergylocal.com



Simple path:

- Attend workshop
- Contact local installer
- Free site assessment
 - ✓ physical installation
 - ✓ your energy usage
- Cost & financing options
- Sign contract
- Go solar!



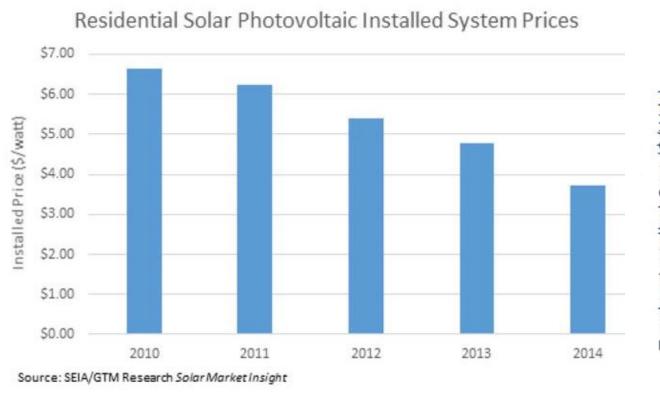
Installer Qualifications

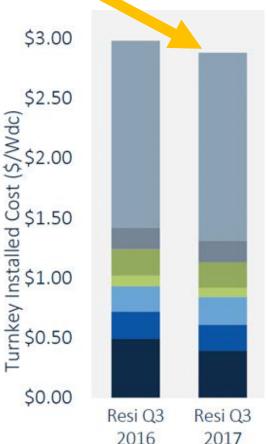
- NWE Qualified Solar PV Installer
- Local experience
- California SB1 eligible equipment
 - http://www.gosolarcalifornia.ca.gov/equipment/index.ph
 p
- Licenses and insurance
- Equipment and workmanship warranties
- Reference checks

Pricing Data & Trends



Average price of residential PV installation in Q3 2017: <\$3.00/Watt

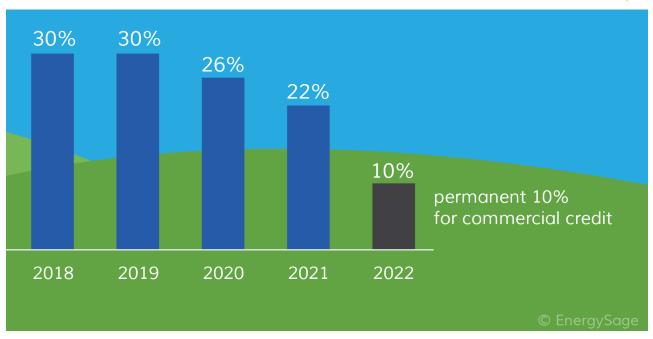




Federal Income Tax Credit ("The ITC")



Up to **30%** of total installed cost, no maximum



Montana Alternative Energy Systems Credit

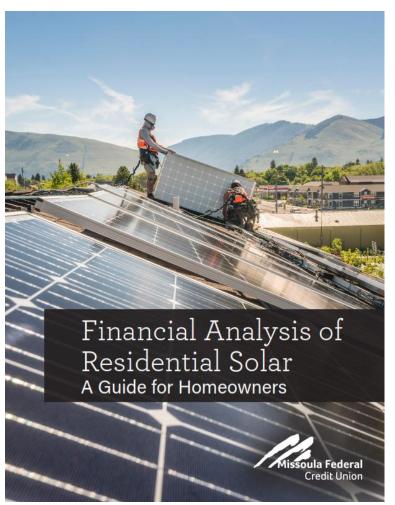
- \$500 per taxpayer, up to \$1,000 per household
- Solar PV, solar thermal, small wind, biomass, geothermal
- Does not expire

BELONG



Details in report

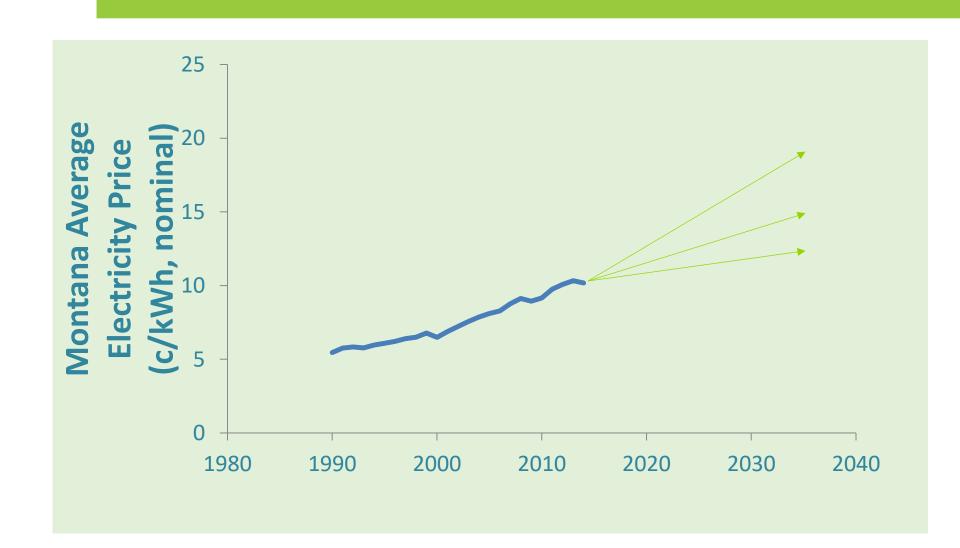
$$NPV = \sum_{n=0}^{N} \frac{C_n}{(1+d)^n}$$



Lots of details / assumptions



Photo by Mark Longair. Licensed under Creative Commons CC BY-SA 2.0 (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/2.0/)



No One Metric

- Good investment?
- What's the payback?
- Buy now or wait?

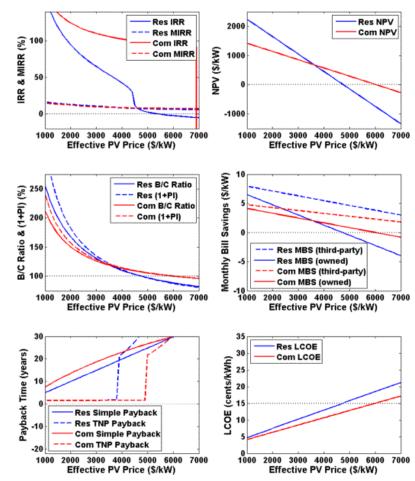


Figure 2. PV economic performance, characterized using several metrics, for a range of effective PV prices for residential ("Res") and commercial ("Com") systems

Base Case



System size

5 kW

Price

\$3/W

Production

1,200 kWh/kW-year

Photo by Emily Mills. Licensed under Creative Commons CC BY-ND 2.0 (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nd/2.0/)

Base Case

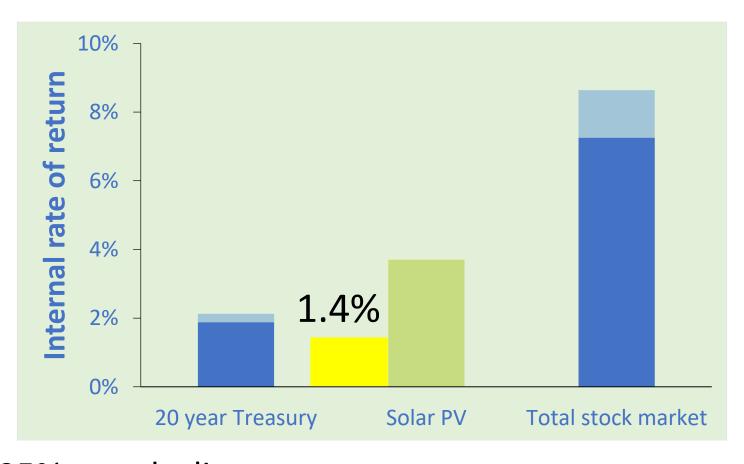


Basic Charge:	\$23.21	single phase service, or
	\$35.51	three phase service
Energy Charge:	6.49¢	per kWh for first 600 kWh, and
	7.99¢	per kWh for 601 - 3,500 kWh, and
	11.66¢	per kWh for all kWh greater than 3,500 kWh

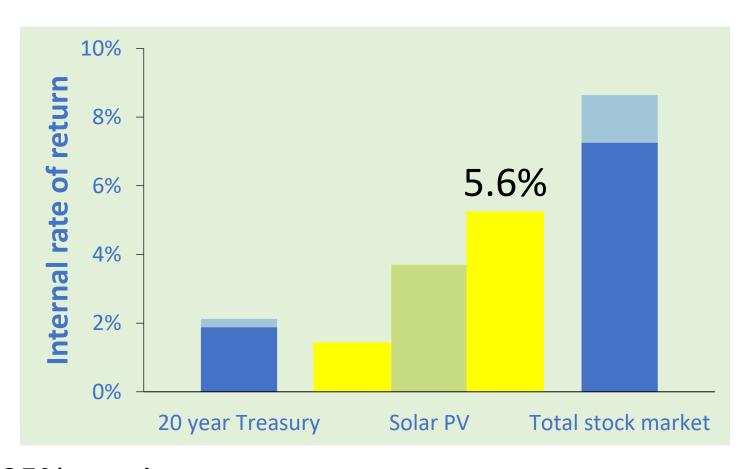
Rates dated March 2017





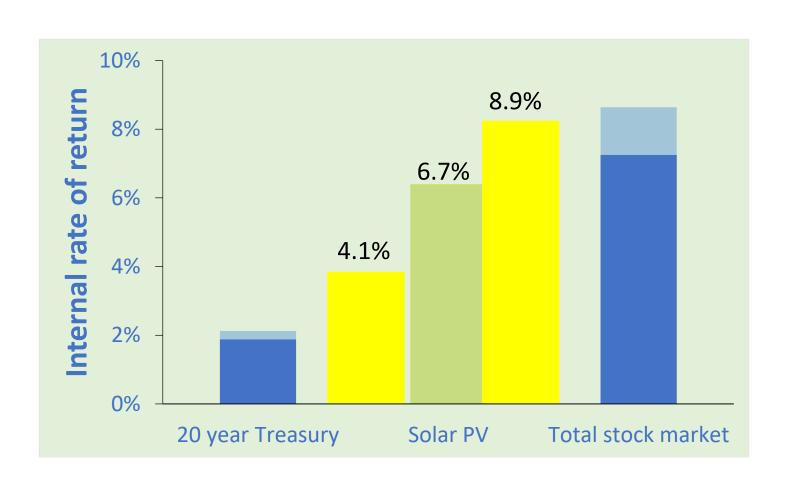


25% rate decline



25% rate increase

Is Solar A Good Investment? – Northwestern Energy



What's the Payback? How Much Will I Save?



NWE: 56 \$/mo 12.4 years Monthly Savings (Avg) \$40

Payback 16.8 years

What's the Payback? How Much Will I Save?



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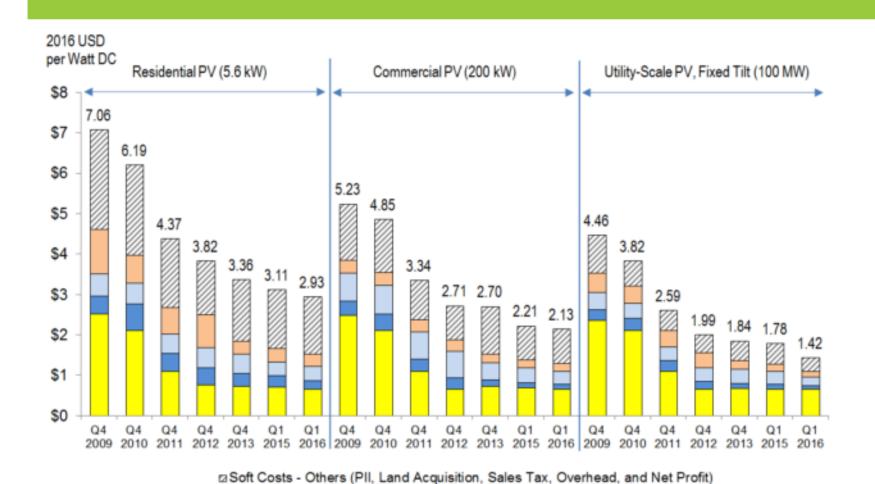
Payback 16.8 years

<u>Loan Payment</u> \$100 - \$140

Soft Costs - Install Labor

InverterModule

Hardware BOS - Structural and Electrical Components



Total Cost	\$9,500	\$9,151	\$8,883	\$9,046
Interim Interest Earned	n/a	\$(188)	\$(377)	\$(685)
Additional electric cost	n/a	\$678	\$1,374	\$2,087
Federal Tax Credit	(4,500)	\$(4,140)	\$(3,809)	\$(3,037)
State Tax Credit	\$(1,000)	\$(1,000)	\$(1,000)	\$(1,000)
Gross Cost	\$15,000	\$13,800	\$12,696	\$11,680
Alternative Rate of Return (%/yr)	n/a	1.25%	1.25%	1.50%
Price (\$/W)	\$3.00	\$2.76	\$2.54	\$2.34
	2017	2018	2019	2020

Total Cost	\$9,500	\$9,151	\$8,883	\$9,046
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What About Home Value?



Price Premium Analysis of a Multi-State Dataset of Solar Homes

Ben Hoen, Sandra Adomatis, Thomas Jackson, Joshua Graff-Zivin, Mark Thayer, Geoffrey T. Klise, Ryan Wiser

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory





What About Home Value?

$$ln(P_{itk}) = \alpha + \beta_1(T_i) + \beta_2(K_i) + \sum_{a} \beta_3(X_i) + \beta_4(PV_i \cdot SIZE_i) + \varepsilon_{itk}$$

where

 P_{itk} represents the sale price for transaction i, in quarter t, in block group k,

 α is the constant or intercept across the full sample,

 T_i is the quarter t in which transaction i occurred,

 K_i is the census block group k in which transaction i occurred,

 X_i is a vector of a home and site characteristics for transaction i,

PV_i is a fixed-effect variable indicating a PV system is installed on the home in transaction i,

SIZE_i is a continuous variable for the size (in kW) of the PV system installed on the home prior to transaction i,⁷

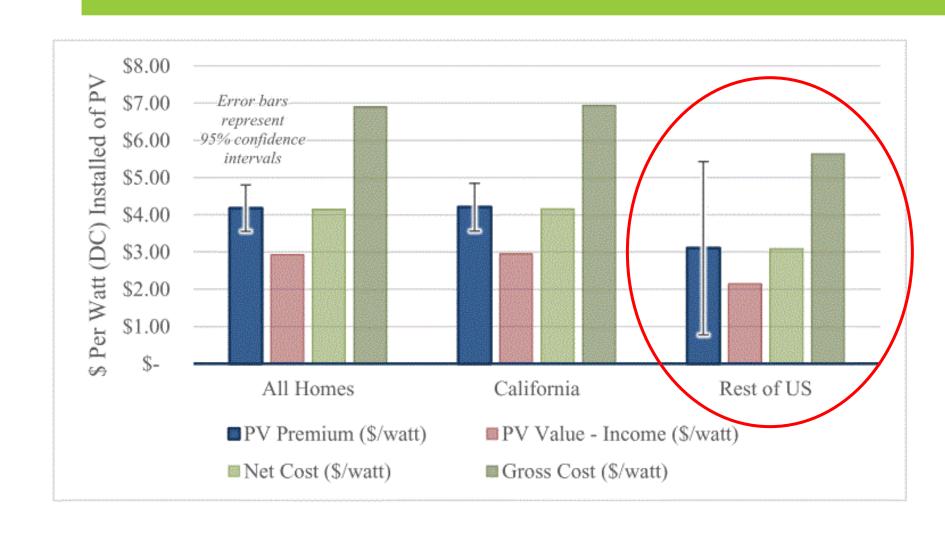
 β_1 is a parameter estimate for the quarter in which transaction i occurred,

β₂ is a parameter estimate for the census block group in which transaction i occurred,

 β_3 is a vector of parameter estimates for home and site characteristics a,

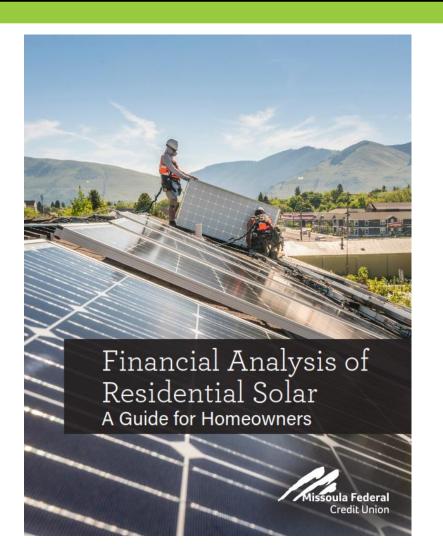
 β_4 is a parameter estimate for the change in sale price for each kilowatt added to a PV system, and ε_{itk} is a random disturbance term for transaction i, in quarter t, in block group k.

What About Home Value?



Other Questions

- Loan or cash?
- System size?
- Best type of loan?



Putting it All Together

1. Pick Your Questions

- 2.Collect Data
 - Electric rate
 - Installed Price
 - Production
- 3. Calculate!

	IN	PUT				(
Ε	System size	300.0	(kW DC nameplate)	Summary Performance		+
System	Installed price	2.25	(\$/W)	NPV	-\$91,299	
	Annual output factor	1,250	(kWh AC/kW DC nameplate)	IRR (%)	3.23%	
Loan				Simple Payback (years)	17.6	
	% System Financed	0%		Monthly Bill Savings (\$)	\$1,875	
	Loan Term	15	(years)	Monthly Debt Payment (\$)	\$0	
	APR	5.00%	(%)	Monthly Cash Flow (\$)	\$1,875	
	Home Equity Loan?	Υ	(Y/N)			
	Itemize Deductions?	Υ	(Y/N)	\$400,000		
CELUNION				\$200,000		
-	Federal Tax Rate	25%	(%)	% \$0		
	State Tax Rate	6.90%	(%)	\$ \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0		
Personal	Discount Rate	5.0%	(%)	5 £ 200,000 0 1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8 9	10
<u>a</u>	State tax credit	1,000	(\$)	ੂੰ \$400,000		
	Federal tax credit	30%	(% system price)	-\$600,000		
				-\$800,000		
o o	electric rate	6	(c/kWh)	-\$800,000		
Rate	Annual rate growth	2.6%	(% nominal)			
Elec.	Rate adjustment year		blank if no adjustment		output	-
₩	New electric rate	50%	% of retail	Year	(kWh)	
No. of Contract of				0	•	т
				1	375000	

Available at www.missoulafcu.org/environment

Available Loans



Alternative Energy Revolving Loan Program

- 10 years
- \$40,000
- 3.5%
- Secured

Contact:

Ben Brouwer 444-6586



Home Energy Loan

- 15 years, \$25,000
- 4.9 5.9%
- Reamortization
- Unsecured, easy-access

Solar Home Equity Loan

- 20 years, \$150,000
- 5-5.5%
- Secured
- Deductible interest



Missoula Federal Credit Union

missoulafeu.org